FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 23:11:05 ON 30 OCT 2002

=> fil reg

=> s amino and octylphenyl and ethyl

3876237 AMINO

8695 AMINOS

3876237 AMINO

(AMINO OR AMINOS)

4523 OCTYLPHENYL

5141846 ETHYL

12 ETHYLS

5141846 ETHYL

(ETHYL OR ETHYLS)

L1 176 AMINO AND OCTYLPHENYL AND ETHYL

=> s propane and 11

480981 PROPANE

L2 18 PROPANE AND L1

=> d scan

L2 18 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

IN 1,3-Propanediol, 2-amino-2-[2-(4-octylphenyl)ethyl]-, hydrochloride

(9CI)

MF C19 H33 N O2 . C1 H

HCl

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1)17

L2 18 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

IN Propanedioic acid, amino[3-(methyloctylphenylsilyl)propyl]-, diethyl

ester (9CI)

MF C25 H43 N O4 Si

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L2 18 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

IN 1,3-Propanediol, 2-amino-2-[2-(4-octylphenyl)ethyl]-, mono(dihydrogen phosphate) (ester), (2R)- (9CI)

MF C19 H34 N O5 P

Absolute stereochemistry.

L2 18 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

IN Propanedioic acid, (acetylamino)[2-(2-octylphenyl)ethyl]-, diethyl

ester (9CI)

MF C25 H39 N O5

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L2 18 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

IN 1,3-Propanediol, 2-amino-2-[2-(3-octylphenyl)ethyl]-, hydrochloride

(9CI)

MF C19 H33 N O2 . C1 H

$$\begin{array}{c} \operatorname{NH} 2 \\ \operatorname{HO} - \operatorname{CH} 2 - \operatorname{C} - \operatorname{CH} 2 - \operatorname{CH} 2 \\ \operatorname{HO} - \operatorname{CH} 2 \end{array} \\ (\operatorname{CH} 2) \ 7 - \operatorname{Me} \\ \end{array}$$

HC1

L2 18 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

IN 1,3-Propanediol, 2-amino-2-[2-(4-octylphenyl)ethyl]-, mono(dihydrogen

phosphate) (ester) (9CI)

MF C19 H34 N O5 P

L2 18 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

IN Propanedioic acid, [[(4-cyclooctylphenyl)amino]methylene]-, diethyl

ester (9CI)

MF C22 H31 N O4

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L2 18 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

IN 1,3-Propanediol, 2-amino-2-[2-(4-octylphenyl)ethyl]- (9CI)

MF C19 H33 N O2

CI COM

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L2 18 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

IN Propanedioic acid, (acetylamino) [2-(4-octylphenyl)ethyl]-, diethyl

ester, hydrochloride (9CI)

MF C25 H39 N O5 . C1 H

HC1

L2 18 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

IN 1,3-Propanediol, 2-(dimethylamino)-2-[2-(4-octylphenyl)ethyl]-,

mono(dihydrogen phosphate) (ester) (9CI)

MF C21 H38 N O5 P

L2 18 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

IN Propanedioic acid, amino[2-(4-octylphenyl)ethyl]-, diethyl ester

(9CI)

MF C23 H37 N O4

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L2 18 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

IN 1,3-Propanediol, 2-amino-2-[2-(2-octylphenyl)ethyl]-, hydrochloride

(9CI)

MF C19 H33 N O2 . C1 H

HC1

L2 18 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

IN Propanedioic acid, (acetylamino)[2-(4-octylphenyl)-2-oxoethyl]-,

diethyl ester (9CI)

MF C25 H37 N O6

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L2 18 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

IN 1,3-Propanediol, 2-amino-2-[2-(4-octylphenyl)ethyl]-, mono(dihydrogen

Absolute stereochemistry.

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

- L2 18 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- IN 1,3-Propanediol, 2-amino-2-[2-(3-octylphenyl)ethyl]- (9CI)
- MF C19 H33 N O2
- CI COM

$$\begin{array}{c} & \text{NH 2} \\ \text{H0-CH 2-C-CH }_2 - \text{CH }_2 \\ \text{H0-CH }_2 \end{array}$$

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

- L2 18 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- IN 1,3-Propanediol, 2-(methylamino)-2-[2-(4-octylphenyl)ethyl]- (9CI)
- MF C20 H35 N O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{NHMe} \\ \text{H0-CH}_2\text{-C-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\\ \text{H0-CH}_2 \end{array}$$

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

- L2 18 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- MF C20 H36 N O5 P

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{NHMe} \\ \text{H}_{2}\text{O}_{3}\text{PO} - \text{CH}_{2} - \text{C} - \text{CH}_{2} - \text{CH}_{2} \\ \text{H}_{0} - \text{CH}_{2} \end{array}$$

L2 18 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

IN Propanedioic acid, (acetylamino) [2-(4-octylphenyl)ethyl]-, diethyl

ester (9CI)

MF C25 H39 N O5 CI COM

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

ALL ANSWERS HAVE BEEN SCANNED

=> s 12 and C19 H33 N O2/mf

302 C19 H33 N O2/MF

L3 2 L2 AND C19 H33 N O2/MF

=> d tot

L3 ANSWER 1 OF 2 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 162359-55-9 REGISTRY

CN 1,3-Propanediol, 2-amino-2-[2-(4-octylphenyl)ethyl]- (9CI) (CA

INDEX NAME)

FS 3D CONCORD MF C19 H33 N O2

CI COM

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, DRUGUPDATES, USPATZ, USPATFULL

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{NH 2} \\ \text{H0-CH}_2\text{-C-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2 \\ \text{H0-CH}_2 \end{array} \tag{CH}_2 \\ \text{7-Me} \end{array}$$

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

15 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE) 16 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

L3 ANSWER 2 OF 2 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 162359-24-2 REGISTRY

CN 1,3-Propanediol, 2-amino-2-[2-(3-octylphenyl)ethyl]- (9CI) (CA

INDEX NAME)

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C19 H33 N O2 CI COM

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

=> s 162359-55-9 /rn or 162359-55-9 /crn

1 162359-55-9 /RN

1 162359-55-9 /CRN

L4 2 162359-55-9 /RN OR 162359-55-9 /CRN

=> d tot

L4 ANSWER 1 OF 2 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 162359-56-0 REGISTRY

OTHER NAMES:

CN FTY 720

MF C19 H33 N O2 . Cl H

SR CA

LC STN Files: ADISINSIGHT, ADISNEWS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, CASREACT, DRUGNL, DRUGUPDATES, EMBASE, IPA, MEDLINE, PHAR, PROMT, SYNTHLINE, TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL

CRN (162359-55-9)

HCl

146 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE) 146 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

L4 ANSWER 2 OF 2 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 162359-55-9 REGISTRY

CN 1,3-Propanediol, 2-amino-2-[2-(4-octylphenyl)ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C19 H33 N O2

CI COM

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, DRUGUPDATES, USPAT7, USPATFULL

15 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
16 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

=> fil medl capl biosis uspatfull

=> s 14

L5 439 L4

=> s FTY 720

L6 196 FTY 720

=> s 15 or 16

L7 448 L5 OR L6

=> s viral or antiviral or virus? or antiviru?
L8 1484192 VIRAL OR ANTIVIRAL OR VIRUS? OR ANTIVIRU?

=> s 17 and 18

L9 21 L7 AND L8

=> dup rem 19

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L9

L10 17 DUP REM L9 (4 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d ibib abs tot

L10 ANSWER 1 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 1

Full Text

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:487906 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:68163

TITLE: Delivery of therapeutic agents
INVENTOR(S): Sirhan, Motasim; Yan, John
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Avantec Vascular Corporation, USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 49 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2002082679	A1	20020627	US 2001-2595	20011101
US 2002114823	A1	20020822	US 2001-782927	20010213
US 6471980	B2	20021029		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.	. :		US 2000-258024P P	20001222
			US 2001-782804 A	20010213
			US 2001-782927 A	20010213
			US 2001-783253 A	20010213
			US 2001-783254 A	20010213
			US 2001-308381P P	20010726

AR A device and a method using the device for reducing restenosis and hyperplasia after intravascular intervention are disclosed. The present invention also provides luminal prostheses which allow for controlled release of at least one therapeutic agent with increased efficacy to selected locations within a patient vasculature to reduce restenosis. An intraluminal prosthesis may comprise an expandable structure and a source adjacent the expandable structure for releasing the therapeutic capable agent into the body lumen to reduce smooth muscle cell proliferation. A therapeutic agent, mycophenolic acid, was prepd. by dissolving it in acetone at 15 mg/mL. The amt. of the drug agent varied in the range 0.1 $\mu g\text{--}2$ mg, preferably, at 600 $\mu g\text{.}$ The drug soln. was then coated onto or over a stent by spraying them with an atomizer sprayer, while the stent was rotated. The stent was allowed to let dry. The stent was then placed over the tri-fold balloon on a catheter and crimped thereon. After crimping, the drug remained intact and attached to the stent. Expansion of the stent against a simulated Tecoflex vessel showed no cracking of the drug.

L10 ANSWER 2 OF 17 USPATFULL

Full Text

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:213450 USPATFULL

TITLE Intravascular delivery of mycophenolic acid INVENTOR(S): Sirhan, Motasim, Sunnyvale, CA, UNITED STATES

Yan, John, Los Gatos, CA, UNITED STATES

NUMBER KIND DATE -----US 2002114823 A1 20020822 US 6471980 B2 20021029 US 2001-782927 A1 20010213 (9) PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:

> NUMBER DATE -----

US 2000-258024P 20001222 (60) PRIORITY INFORMATION:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility

FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: TOWNSEND AND TOWNSEND AND CREW, LLP, TWO EMBARCADERO

CENTER, EIGHTH FLOOR, SAN FRANCISCO, CA, 94111-3834

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 59 1 EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 7 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 1135

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The present invention provides improved devices and methods for minimizing and/or inhibiting restenosis and hyperplasia after intravascular intervention. In particular, the present invention provides luminal prostheses which allow for programmed and controlled mycophenolic acid delivery with increased efficacy to selected locations within a patient's vasculature to inhibit restenosis. An intraluminal delivery prosthesis may comprise an expansible structure and means on or within the structure for releasing mycophenolic acid at a rate selected to inhibit smooth muscle cell proliferation.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L10 ANSWER 3 OF 17 USPATFULL

Full Text

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:191216 USPATFULL

COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS OF USING COMPOSITIONS WITH TITLE:

ACCELERATED LYMPHOCYTE HOMING IMMUNOSUPPRESSIVE

INVENTOR (S) : CHIBA, KENJI, FUKUOKA, JAPAN

ADACHI, KUNITOMO, FUKUOKA, JAPAN

NUMBER KIND DATE -----US 2002102279 A1 20020801 US 1999-334213 A1 19990615 (9) PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Division of Ser. No. US 1997-933738, filed on 23 Sep

1997, PATENTED

NUMBER DATE -----PRIORITY INFORMATION: JP 1997-237273 19970902

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility

FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: CROWELL& MORING, INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY GROUP, P.O. BOX

14300, WASHINGTON, DC, 20044-4300

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 28 EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 12 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 1432

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The methods and compositions of the invention and the compounds used in the invention involve a novel immunosuppression mechanism, accelerated lymphocyte homing immunosuppression (ALH-immunosuppression). For example, the compound FTY720 specifically directs lymphocytes to the peripheral lymph nodes, mesenteric lymph nodes, and Peyer's patches. By reversibly sequestering lymphocytes in these tissues, the compounds can inhibit an immune response in a mammal. Understanding these mechanisms provides a novel immunosuppression therapy that can synergistically interact with other immunosuppressive compounds. Screening methods for identifying similar ALH-immunosuppression compounds are also described. The invention allows better treatments and therapies wherever an immunosuppression regimen is desired.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L10 ANSWER 4 OF 17 USPATFULL

Full Text

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:172348 USPATFULL

TITLE: INVENTOR(S): Phosphate derivatives as immunoregulatory agents Mandala, Suzanne, Scotch Plains, NJ, UNITED STATES Bergstrom, James, Neshanic Station, NJ, UNITED STATES

Hajdu, Richard, Old Bridge, NJ, UNITED STATES Rosen, Hugh, Springfield, NJ, UNITED STATES Parsons, William, Belle Mead, NJ, UNITED STATES Card, Deborah J., Somerset, NJ, UNITED STATES Maccoss, Malcolm, Freehold, NJ, UNITED STATES Kathleen, Rupprecht, Cranford, NJ, UNITED STATES

KIND DATE NUMBER

PATENT INFORMATION:

US 2002091105 A1 20020711 US 6437165 B2 20020820

APPLICATION INFO.:

US 2001-942411 A1 20010830 (9)

NUMBER DATE -----

PRIORITY INFORMATION:

US 2000-229438P 20000831 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT:

Utility APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

MERCK AND CO INC, P O BOX 2000, RAHWAY, NJ, 070650907

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

38 1

EXEMPLARY CLAIM: LINE COUNT:

1369

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Immunoregulatory compounds are disclosed of the formula: ##STR1##

and ##STR2##

as well as the pharmaceutically acceptable salts and hydrates thereof, are disclosed. The compounds are useful for treating immune mediated diseases and conditions, such as bone marrow, organ and tissue transplant rejection.

Pharmaceutical compositions and methods of use are included.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L10 ANSWER 5 OF 17 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

Full Text

ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: 2002:545604 BIOSIS

TITLE:

PREV200200545604 FTY720: Targeting G-protein-coupled receptors for

sphingosine 1-phosphate in transplantation and

autoimmunity.

AUTHOR (S):

Brinkmann, Volker (1); Lynch, Kevin R.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

(1) Novartis Pharma AG Transplantation Research,

WSJ-386.101, CH-4002, Basel: volker.brinkmann@pharma.novart is.com, KRL2z@virginia.edu Switzerland

SOURCE:

Current Opinion in Immunology, (October, 2002) Vol. 14, No.

5, pp. 569-575. print.

ISSN: 0952-7915.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

General Review

LANGUAGE:

English

L10 ANSWER 6 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

Full Text

2001:31322 CAPLUS

ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER:

134:91150

TITLE:

Medicinal compositions containing 2-amino-2-[2-(4octylphenyl)ethyl]propane-1,3-diol for preventing or

treating viral myocarditis

INVENTOR(S):

Matsumori, Akira

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Welfide Corporation, Japan

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 33 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent Japanese

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

```
WO 2001001978
      PATENT NO.
                                                     -----
      WO 2001001978
                            Al 20010111
                                                     WO 2000-JP4286 20000628
           W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
                CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR,
               HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA,
                ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
           RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

    JP 2001072585
    A2
    20010321
    JP 2000-193216
    20000627

    EP 1201236
    A1
    20020502
    EP 2000-940873
    20000628

           R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
                IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                  JP 1999-185297 A 19990630 WO 2000-JP4286 W 20000628
AB Medicinal compns. for preventing or treating viral myocarditis and
      viral diseases induced by viral myocarditis with which cell injuries
      in various organs are prevented and treated regardless of virus type;
      and a method for preventing or treating. These compns. contain, as the
      active ingredient, 2-amino-2-(2-(4-octylphenyl)ethyl)propane-1,3-diol (I)
      or pharmacol. acceptable salts thereof. The above method for preventing
      and treating myocarditis and viral diseases induced by viral
      myocarditis comprises administering an ED of the above compd. or
     pharmacol. acceptable salts thereof. The effect of I•HCl on viral myocarditis in mice was examd. Also a tablet contg. I•HCl
      1, lactose 90, cryst. cellulose 25, and magnesium stearate 4 mg was prepd. RENCE COUNT: 9 THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
REFERENCE COUNT:
                                       RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
```

L10 ANSWER 7 OF 17 USPATFULL

Full Text

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:136691 USPATFULL

TITLE: Drug composition

INVENTOR(S): Sakai, Atsushi, Chikujo-gun, Japan Masuda, Rumiko, Chikujo-gun, Japan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Welfide Corporation, Osaka, Japan (non-U.S.

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE -----US 6277888 B1 20010821 PATENT INFORMATION: 19980905 20000106 (9) WO 9837875 APPLICATION INFO.: US 2000-380274 WO 1998-JP755 19980225

20000106 PCT 371 date 20000106 PCT 102(e) date

NUMBER DATE

-----PRIORITY INFORMATION: JP 1997-43668 19970227

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: GRANTED

PRIMARY EXAMINER: PRIMARY EXAMINER: Jarvis, Will ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Kim, Vickie Jarvis, William R. A.

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Crowell & Moring, L.L.P.

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 13 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: LINE COUNT: 541

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The present invention provides a pharmaceutical composition containing 2-amino-2-[2-(4-octylphenyl)ethyl]propane-1,3-diol or a pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt thereof and a lecithin, and containing a saccharide if desired, which can be formulated into a liquid preparation, and which is suitable for the suppression of rejection in organ or bone marrow transplantation, for an immunosuppressive sustention therapy or for the treatment of autoimmune diseases.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Full Text

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:33325 USPATFULL

External preparation of 2-amino-2-(2-(4-TITLE:

octylphenyl)ethyl) propane-1,3-diol or pharmaceutically

acceptable salts thereof for topical administration

INVENTOR(S): Fujii, Tsuneo, Fukuoka, Japan

Mishina, Tadashi, Fukuoka, Japan Teshima, Koji, Saitama, Japan Imayoshi, Tomonori, Fukuoka, Japan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Welfide Corporation, Osaka, Japan (non-U.S.

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE -----

US 6197829 B1 20010306 US 2000-592550 20000612 (9) PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Division of Ser. No. US 894728

> NUMBER DATE -----

PRIORITY INFORMATION: JP 1995-342503 19951228

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Page, Thurman K.

ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Channavajjala, Lakshmi

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Birch, Stewart, Kolasch & Birch, LLP

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 15 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1 LINE COUNT: 635

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

An external preparation for topical administration which aims at inhibiting rejection reactions at organ or bone marrow transplantation or treating autoimmune diseases or allergic diseases and contains as the active ingredient 2-amino-2-(2-(4-octylphenyl)ethyl)propane-1,3-diol or

a pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt thereof.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L10 ANSWER 9 OF 17 DUPLICATE 2

Full Text

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001241069 MEDLINE

21241644 PubMed ID: 11345389 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

TITLE: Therapeutic effects of FTY720, a new immunosuppressive

agent, in a murine model of acute viral myocarditis.

AUTHOR: Miyamoto T; Matsumori A; Hwang M W; Nishio R; Ito H;

Sasayama S

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Cardiovascular Medicine, Kyoto University,

SOURCE: JOURNAL OF THE AMERICAN COLLEGE OF CARDIOLOGY, (2001 May)

37 (6) 1713-8.

Journal code: 8301365. ISSN: 0735-1097.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

Abridged Index Medicus Journals; Priority Journals

FILE SEGMENT: ENTRY MONTH: 200105

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20010529

Last Updated on STN: 20010529

Entered Medline: 20010521

OBJECTIVES: This study examines the efficacy of FTY720 (FTY), a new immunosuppressor, in the treatment of acute viral myocarditis in a murine model. BACKGROUND: Immunosuppressive agents have no proven therapeutic efficacy in experimental or clinical myocarditis. METHODS: Encephalomyocarditis virus was inoculated i.p. in DBA/2 mice on day 0. Postinoculation treatment consisted of FTY 10 mg/kg/day p.o. (FTY group), or cyclosporine A (CsA) 40 mg/kg/day p.o. (CsA group) or distilled water p.o. only (control group). Survival until day 14, as well as cardiac histopathology, virus concentrations, cytokines (interleukin [IL]-2, IL-12, interferon [IFN]-gamma and tumor necrosis factor [TNF]-alpha) and nitric oxide (NO) on day 5 were examined. RESULTS: In the control and CsA groups, all mice died within 10 and 7 days, respectively. However, in the FTY group, 27% of the animals survived up to day 14. Compared with the control group, 1) histological scores were significantly lower in the FTY group but unchanged in the CsA group; 2) virus concentration was significantly higher in the CsA group but not in the FTY group; 3)

expressions of IL-2, IL-12 and IFN-gamma in the heart were suppressed in both the FTY and CsA groups, though suppression was weaker in the FTY group; 4) TNF-alpha and NO were significantly increased in the CsA group but not in the FTY group. CONCLUSIONS: FTY720 had a significant therapeutic effect in acute experimental myocarditis without inducing excessive virus replication. This report is the first to describe a beneficial effect by an immunosuppressive agent in the treatment of acute viral myocarditis.

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L10 ANSWER 10 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
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Full Text

TITLE:

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:209277 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:297828

FTY720 alters lymphocyte homing and protects

allografts without inducing general immunosuppression

AUTHOR (S): Brinkmann, V.; Chen, S.; Feng, L.; Pinschewer, D.;

Nikolova, Z.; Hof, R.

Novartis Pharma AG, Transplantation Research, Basel, CORPORATE SOURCE:

Switz.

SOURCE: Transplantation Proceedings (2001), 33(1-2), 530-531

CODEN: TRPPA8; ISSN: 0041-1345

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science Inc. DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; General Review

LANGUAGE: English

A review with 12 refs. The novel immunomodulator, FTY720, prolongs with remarkable potency the survival of allografted kidney, heart, liver, small bowel, and skin in animal models including nonhuman primates, and prevents the development of coronary artery disease and graft-vs.-host-disease (GVHD). It interferes with the responsiveness of lymphocytes to chemokines, suppressing lymphocyte recirculation to the periphery and infiltration of T cells into grafted organs without impairment of immune responses to systemic viral infection. Several expts. conducted on the efficiency of FTY720 are presented. Topics covered include modulation of chemokine-driven lymphocyte migration; impairment of T-and B-cell

function; and safety pharmacol. and clin. trials.
RENCE COUNT: 12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS REFERENCE COUNT: RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L10 ANSWER 11 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

Full Text

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:573775 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:177164

TITLE: Preparation of pyrazolecarboxamides and

pyrrolecarboxamides as inhibitors of the proliferation

of activated lymphocytes and as remedies for

autoimmune disease.

INVENTOR (S): Ushio, Hiroyuki; Ishibuchi, Seigo; Naito, Youichiro; Sugiyama, Naoki; Kawaguchi, Takafumi; Chiba, Kenji;

Ohtsuki, Makio; Naka, Yoichi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Yoshitomi Pharmaceutical Industries, Ltd., Japan

PCT Int. Appl., 315 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAT	PATENT NO. KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO. DATE													
									-	- 							
WO	2000	0475	58	A:	1	2000	0817		W	0 20	00-J	P767		2000	0210		
	W:	ΑE,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CR,	CU,
		CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,
		IN,	IS,	J₽,	KE,	KG,	KR,	KZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,
		MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,
		SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZW,	AM,	AZ,
		BY,	KG,	KZ,	MD,	RU,	TJ,	TM							·		•
	RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZW,	AT,	BE,	CH,	CY,	DE,
		DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,
										NE,				-		-	•
EP							E	EP 2000-902925 20000210									
	R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
		ΙE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO								•		•
PRIORITY	PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				JP 1	999-	3336	7	A	1999	0210						
									JP 1	999-	1984	73	Α	1999	0713		

WO 2000-JP767

W 20000210

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 133:177164

GI

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Me} \\ \text{N} \\ \text{Me} \\ \text{CO} - \text{N} \\ \text{O} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{C} - \text{Me} \\ \text{Me} \\ \text{II} \\ \end{array}$$

AB The title compds. I [R1 represents substituted aryl, heteroaryl, etc.; R2 and R3 represent each hydrogen, alkyl, halogeno, hydroxy, etc.; Q represents N, CH, etc.; W represents hydrogen, alkyl, hydroxycarbonylalkyl, etc.; X represents halogeno, cyano, nitro, amino, etc.; X' represents hydrogen, halogeno, cyano or nitro; and Y represents alkyl, hydroxy, alkoxy, etc.] are prepd. For example, pyrazolecarboxamide deriv. II was prepd. The title compds. are said to show significant inhibiting activity against the proliferation of activated lymphocytes in in vitro tests. A formulation is given.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L10 ANSWER 12 OF 17 USPATFULL

Full Text

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2000:125105 USPATFULL

9

TITLE:

Topical administration of 2-amino-2-(2-(4-

octylphenyl)ethyl)propane-1,3-diol

INVENTOR(S):

Fujii, Tsuneo, Fukuoka, Japan Mishina, Tadashi, Fukuoka, Japan Teshima, Koji, Saitama, Japan Imayoshi, Tomonori, Fukuoka, Japan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Yoshitomi Pharmaceutical Industries, Ltd., Osaka-fu,

Japan (non-U.S. corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE	
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 6121329		20000919	
	WO 9724112		19970710	
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 1997-894728		19970827	(8)
	WO 1996-JP3757		19961224	
			19970827	PCT 3

T 371 date 19970827 PCT 102(e) date

NUMBER DATE PRIORITY INFORMATION: JP 1995-342503 19951228

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT:

Granted Page, Thurman K.

PRIMARY EXAMINER: ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Seidleck, Brian K. LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Birch, Stewart, Kolasch & Birch, LLP

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 22 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1 LINE COUNT: 659

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

An external preparation for topical administration which aims at

inhibiting rejection reactions at organ or bone marrow transplantation or treating autoimmune diseases or allergic diseases and contains as the active ingredient 2-amino-2-(2-(4-octylphenyl)ethyl)propane-1,3-diol or a pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt thereof.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L10 ANSWER 13 OF 17 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 3

Full Text

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2000281664 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

20281664 PubMed ID: 10820254

TITLE:

FTY720 immunosuppression impairs effector T cell peripheral homing without affecting induction, expansion, and memory.

AUTHOR:

Pinschewer D D; Ochsenbein A F; Odermatt B; Brinkmann V;

Hengartner H; Zinkernagel R M

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Institute of Experimental Immunology and Laboratory for Special Techniques, Department of Pathology, University

Hospital, Zurich, Switzerland.

SOURCE:

JOURNAL OF IMMUNOLOGY, (2000 Jun 1) 164 (11) 5761-70. Journal code: 2985117R. ISSN: 0022-1767.

PUB. COUNTRY:

United States

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE:

English

FILE SEGMENT:

Abridged Index Medicus Journals; Priority Journals

200006

ENTRY MONTH: ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 20000629

Last Updated on STN: 20000629 Entered Medline: 20000621

FTY720 (2-amino-2-(2-[4-octylphenyl]ethyl)-1,3-propanediol hydrochloride) prolongs survival of solid organ allografts in animal models. Mechanisms of FTY720 immunomodulation were studied in mice infected with lymphocytic choriomeningitis virus (LCMV) to assess T cell responses or with vesicular stomatitis virus to evaluate Ab responses. Oral FTY720 (0.3 mg/kg/day) did not affect LCMV replication and specific CTL and B cells were induced and expanded normally. Moreover, the anti-viral humoral immune responses were normal. However, FTY720 treatment showed first a shift of overall distribution of CTL from the spleen to peripheral lymph nodes and lymphocytopenia was observed. This effect was reversible within 7-21 days. Together with unimpaired T and B cell memory after FTY720 treatment, this finding rendered enhancement of lymphocyte apoptosis by FTY720 in vivo unlikely. Secondly, the delayed-type hypersensitivity reaction to a viral MHC class I-presented peptide was markedly reduced by FTY720. These results were supported by impaired circulation of LCMV specific TCR transgenic effector lymphocytes in the peripheral blood and reduced numbers of tissue infiltrating CTL in response to delayed-type hypersensitivity reaction. Thirdly, in a CD8+ T cell-mediated diabetes model in a transgenic mouse expressing the LCMV glycoprotein in the islets of the pancreas, FTY720 delayed or prevented disease by reducing islet-infiltrating CTL. Thus, FTY720 effectively reduced recirculation of CD8+ effector T cells and their recruitment to peripheral lesions without affecting the induction and expansion of immune responses in secondary lymphoid organs. These properties may offer the potential to treat ongoing organ-specific T cell-mediated immunopathologic disease.

L10 ANSWER 14 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

Full Text

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2000:896183 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

135:55693

TITLE:

Perioperative administration of FTY720 and CTLA4IG in

rat heart transplantation

AUTHOR (S):

Ohba, M.; Li, X.-K.; Kita, Y.; Tamura, A.; Enosawa, S.; Sasakuri, S.; Ogoshi, S.; Amemiya, H.; Suzuki, S.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Experimental Surgery and Bioengineering, National Children's Medical Research Center, Tokyo,

SOURCE:

Transplantation Proceedings (2000), 32(7), 2024-2025

CODEN: TRPPA8; ISSN: 0041-1345

PUBLISHER:

Elsevier Science Inc.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE: English

A study was conducted to examine the in vitro proliferation activity of lymphocytes from recipients transfected with adenovirus vectors contq. CTLA4Ig-gene (AdCTLA4Ig) and FTY720 administered in a rat model of allogeneic heart transplantation. The administration of FTY720 or AdCTLA4Ig resulted in significant prolongation of allograft survival. The

combination therapy with FTY720 and AdCTLA4Ig caused further prolongation effects on graft survival time. The in vitro proliferation activity of lymphocytes to donor cells were completely inhibited early after grafting in both FTY720-treated recipients and AdCTLA4Ig-treated ones. FTY720-treated recipients showed a marked suppression in lymphocyte response 14 days after grafting, whereas the lymphocytes from AdCTLA4Ig-treated recipients recovered the response despite absence of a rejection episode. In addn., a remarkable inhibition of mixed lymphocyte reaction was obsd. in the lymphocytes from recipients with combination therapy.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L10 ANSWER 15 OF 17 USPATFULL

Full Text

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1999:166606 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Compositions and methods of using compositions with

accelerated lymphocyte homing immunosuppressive

properties

INVENTOR(S):

Chiba, Kenji, Fukuoka, Japan Adachi, Kunitomo, Fukuoka, Japan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Yoshitomi Pharmaceutical Industries, Ltd., Osaka, Japan

(non-U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE

PATENT INFORMATION:

US 6004565 19991221

APPLICATION INFO .:

US 1997-933738

19970923 (8)

NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION: JP 1997-237273 19970902

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility

FILE SEGMENT:

Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER: ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Saunders, David ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Tung, Mary Beth

Saunders, David

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Evenson, McKeown Edwards & Lenahan P.L.L.C.

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 6

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 26 Drawing Figure(s); 11 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

1536

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The methods and compositions of the invention and the compounds used in AB the invention involve a novel immunosuppression mechanism, accelerated lymphocyte homing immunosuppression (ALH-immunosuppression). For example, the compound FTY720 specifically directs lymphocytes to the peripheral lymph nodes, mesenteric lymph nodes, and Peyer's patches. By reversibly sequestering lymphocytes in these tissues, the compounds can inhibit an immune response in a mammal. Understanding these mechanisms provides a novel immunosuppression therapy that can synergistically interact with other immunosuppressive compounds. Screening methods for identifying similar ALH-immunosuppression compounds are also described. The invention allows better treatments and therapies wherever an immunosuppression regimen is desired.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L10 ANSWER 16 OF 17 USPATFULL

Full Text

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1999:106496 USPATFULL

TITLE

Benzene compound and pharmaceutical use thereof Fujita, Tetsuro, Muko, Japan

INVENTOR(S):

Adachi, Kunitomo, Chikujo-gun, Japan Kohara, Toshiyuki, Iruma, Japan Kiuchi, Masatoshi, Iruma, Japan

Chiba, Kenji, Chikujo-gun, Japan Teshima, Koji, Iruma, Japan

Mishina, Tadashi, Chikujo-gun, Japan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Yoshitomi Pharmaceutical Industries, Ltd., Osaka, Japan

(non-U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE -----

PATENT INFORMATION:

US 5948820

19990907

APPLICATION INFO.:

US 1997-801390

19970220 (8)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. WO 1995-JP1654, filed

on 22 Aug 1995

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Raymond, Richard L.

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Evenson, McKeown Edwards & Lenahan P.L.L.C.

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 37
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1
LINE COUNT: 10327

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB A benzene compound of the formula ##STR1## wherein each symbol is as defined in the specification; an optically active isomer or salt thereof, a medicinal composition containing the same, and an immunosuppressant containing the same as the active ingredient.

The compound, optically active isomer or salt has an excellent immunosuppressive effect and is useful as an inhibitor for the rejection reaction occurring in organ or bone marrow transplantation, and as a preventive or remedy for articular rheumatism, atopic eczema (dermatitis), Beh.cedilla.et's disease, uveal disease, systemic lupus erythematosus, Sjogren's syndrome, multiple sclerosis, myasthenia gravis, type I diabetes, endocrine ophthalmopathy, primary biliary, cirrhosis, Crohn's disease, glomerulonephritis, sarcoidosis, psoriasis, pemphigus, aplastic anemia, idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura, allergy, polyarteritis nodosa, progressive systemic sclerosis, mixed connective-tissue disease, aortitis syndrome, polymyositis, dermatomyositis, Wegener's granuloma, ulcerative colitis, active chronic hepatitis, autoimmune hemolytic anemia, Evans' syndrome, bronchial asthma and pollinosis. It is useful also as an antifungal agent and hair growth stimulant.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L10 ANSWER 17 OF 17 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

Full Text

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:527310 BIOSIS DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV200000527310

TITLE: Recurrent renal allograft rejection: Therapeutic options.

AUTHOR(S): Hauser, Ingeborg A. (1)

CORPORATE SOURCE: (1) Funktionsbereich Nephrologie, Johann Wolfgang

Goethe-Universitaet, Frankfurt/Main Germany

SOURCE: Kidney & Blood Pressure Research, (1999) Vol. 22, No. 4-6,

pp. 259-263. print.

Meeting Info.: Joint Scientific Meeting of the Society for Nephrology and the German Working Group for Clinical Nephrology Freiburg, Germany September 18-21, 1999

ISSN: 1420-4096.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference
LANGUAGE: English
SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English